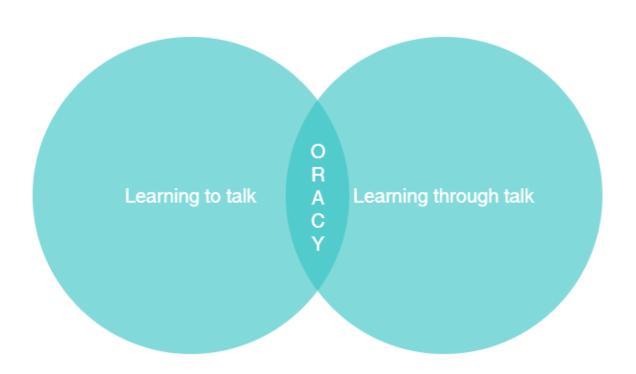


CPD Aims

- 1. To revisit our understanding of dialogic rich teaching sessions including; development of sentence stems, questioning and robust vocabulary instruction
- 2.To plan for systematic presentational oracy.
- 3.To effectively assess and plan for progress against the oracy framework.

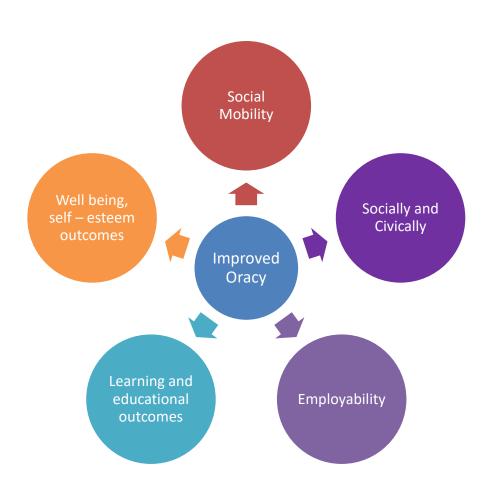
Oracy





Why does oracy matter?





















Cognitiv

Content

- Choice of content to conv meaning & intention
- Building on the views of



Physical

Voice

- Fluency & pace of speaking
- Tonal variation
- Clarity of pronunciation
- Voice projection

Body language

- Gesture & posture
- Facial expression & eye contact

Vocabulary

Appropriate vocabulary choice

Linguistic

Language

- Register
- Grammar

Rhetorical techniques

 Rhetorical techniques such as metaphor, humour, irony & mimicry

Structure

Structure & organisation

Clarifying & summarisi

- Seeking information & cla through questions/ing
- Summarising

Reasoning

- Giving reasons to suppo
- Critically examining ideas expressed



A dialogic rich lesson

Purpose of talk Structure Scaffolds

• Protocols • Sentence stems

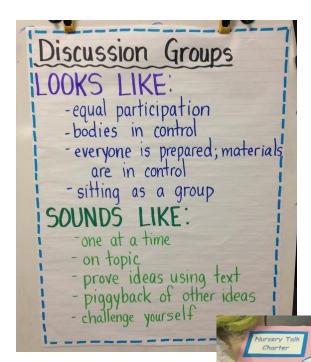
Reflection

- Groupings
- Roles

- Vocabulary
- Modelling

- Metacognitive reflection
- Feedback

Activity - Class talk charters





/ Success Criteria Group Discussion * I listen carefully without interrupting * I value and respect all ideas and opinions. * I think about what is being said. * I participate actively in the discussion. * I ask questions. * If decisions need to be made, I will be fair and compromise.

500 }

Groupings





Nest

Students stand apart and whisper their ideas to themselves.



Pairs

Two students talking together.



Trios

Three students talking with each other. Two students have a discussion while the third observes then summarises and critiques.



Traverse

Pupils stand in two parallel lines opposite a speaking partner.



Circle

A group of six students face each other in a circle. Pupils step inside the circle individually and speak to the group.



Fishbowl

A fishbowl enables the outer circle to observe the inner circle's discussion.



Onion

Students form an inner and outer circle. Pupils in the inner circle stand back to back, with each facing a partner on the outer circle. The two circles can rotate allowing students to discuss points with different partners.



Learning Objective

> What do you want the children to learn?

 What is the success criteria?

Question

- What questions will <u>best</u> illicit the responses which facilitate learning?
- What questions will enable thinking and reasoning?



Progression in Language Structures

Some suggestions for class teachers in planning for children's academic language development

Tower Hamlets EMA team in collaboration with Tower Hamlets teachers





- Which sentence stems will <u>purposefully</u> structure the pupils thinking
- What vocabulary will support and challenge their ideas?





Using Blooms to support teacher questioning



Bloom's taxonomy (revised) Can the learner create a new assemble, construct, create, design, Creating Level 6 product or point of view? develop, formulate, write Can the learner justify appraise, argue, defend, judge, select, Level 5 a stand or decision? support, value, evaluate appraise, compare, contrast, criticise, Can the learner distinguish Level 4 differentiate, discriminate, distinguish, between different parts? examine, experiment, question, test choose, demonstrate, dramatise. **Applying** Can the learner use information Level 3 employ, illustrate, interpret, operate, in a new way? schedule, sketch, solve, use, write classify, describe, discuss, explain, **Understanding** Can the learner explain ideas Level 2 identify, locate, recognise, report, or concepts? select, translate, paraphrase Can the learner recall or define, duplicate, list, memorise, Remembering Level 1 remember the information? recall, repeat, state



Introducing sentence stems

Collate the stems relevant to your lesson/task. Include these in your lesson prep.

Review stems with students and provide some examples of how to complete the sentence stems.

Incorporate and model the use of language in class.

In groups, have students use sentence stems to respond to a discussion prompt or topic. Display the stems for students to refer to. Have these in the room via posters, task sheets, students books etc

Reflect on your experience with students. Did you hear stems being used in discussion? Are stems evident in their written work?

Acknowledge and encourage students when stems are used.

Concept Cartoons

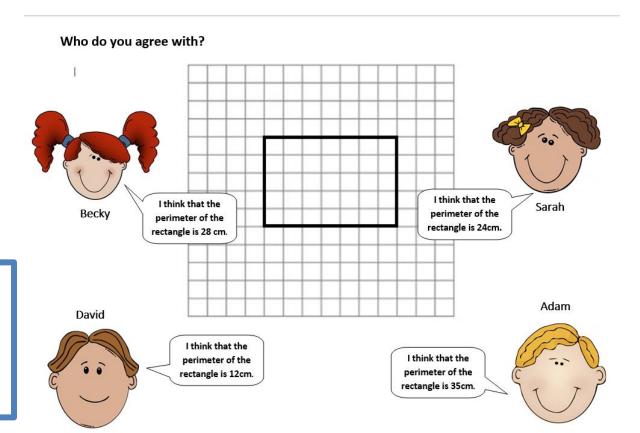




A – I agree/disagree
B – Linking to that...
C – The main points were...

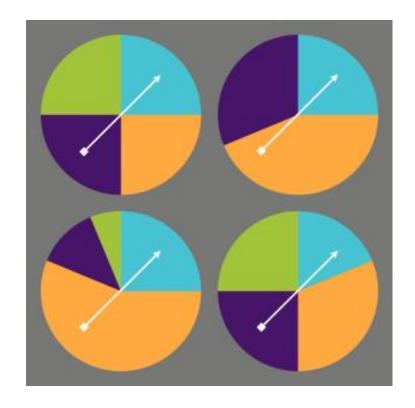
Vocabulary

perimeter shape length addition



Which One Doesn't Belong?





I think...because I don't think...because

Vocabulary

colour fraction position percentage

Talking Points

"women will never be equal to men in the workplace"



I agree because...
I share your view because..
I disagree...
Have you considered...?

Vocabulary

culture
opportunities
money
society
education
stereotypes

Diamond 9

How would you build yours?

Who is the worst villain in children's literature?

Mrs Trunchball

Ursula the Sea Witch

Lord Voldemort

Cruella De Ville

The White Witch

The Big Bad Wolf

Shere Khan

The Grinch

Own Choice

Ranking – Which snack is the best for stress?















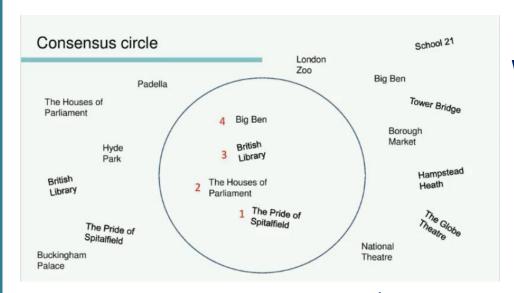
I agree because...
I share your view because..
I disagree...
Have you considered...?

Vocabulary

size taste nutrition



Consensus Circle



Which are the most impressive landmarks in the UK?

Vocabulary

tourism
size
meaning
culture
symbolic
quality



I agree because...
I share your view because..
I disagree...
Have you considered...?

Talk detectives

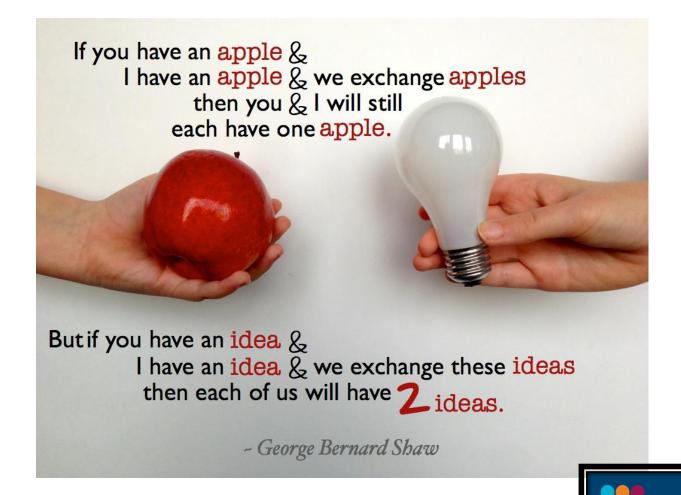


Children's name Physical - Are they speaking loudly and clearly? - Are they using hand gestures? Linguistic - Are they using ambitious vocabulary? Cognitive - Are they giving reasons for their opinions? Social and Emotional - Are they tracking the speaker? - Are they making sure everyone gets a turn to speak?

Making talk visual



Sharing Practise



.E.A.D. Academy Trust

Planning an oracy rich lesson



+			<u>'</u>			Lead • Empower • Achieve • Drive
	esson objective.				Subject	
			Se	equence of learning		
	grou	ıpings	questions	vocabulary	sentence stems	modelling

Purpose:				
Problem-solve	Express yourself	Understand and reason	Challenge	Gather and share information
Influence	Organise and structure ideas	Analyse and Evaluate	Acquire new language	Reach consensus/ negotiate
Give Instructions	Generate ideas and opinions	Build relationships		

Task:				
Sports commentary	Stand-up comedy	Panel discussion		
Mock trial	Interview ('in conversation with')	Podcast/radio show		
Speech	Storytelling	Tour guide		
Job interview	Poetry by Heart	Debate		

	Audiences:		
Older	Younger	Adult	Large group
Peers	Unfamiliar	Familiar	Live
Chosen by speaker	Small group	Expert	Recorded

Task:

Purpose:

Audience:

	Skills	Teaching Ideas	Sequence of Learning
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0			
(%)			

Where to go?

