## Year 5

Huntingdon Academy<br>A L.E.A.D. Academy

## Autumn 1

| Date | Topic | Curriculum Objective |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $1,000,000$ |  |  |$|$| Place value to |
| :--- |

## Year 5

Huntingdon Academy<br>A L.E.A.D. Academy

## Autumn 2

| Date | Topic | Curriculum Objective |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Written methods for multiplication | - To multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10,100 and 1000. <br> - To multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using an efficient written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers. <br> - To solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates. |
|  | Divide 4-digit numbers | - To divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the efficient written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context. <br> - To multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts. <br> - To solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates. |
|  | Fractions and decimals: tenths and hundredths | - To compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number. <br> - To identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths. <br> - To read and write decimal numbers as fractions (for example, $0.71=$ ${ }^{71} / 100$ ). |
|  | Decimals: tenths, hundredths, thousandths | - To read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places. <br> - To read and write decimal numbers as fractions (for example, $0.71=$ 71/100). <br> - To round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole numbers and to one decimal place. <br> - To recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimals equivalents. <br> - To solve problems involving number up to three decimal places. |
|  | 2D and 3D shapes | - To distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles. <br> - To use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles. <br> - To identify 3D shapes including cubes and cuboids from 2D representations. |
|  | Tables and bar charts | - To complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables. |
| Assess and Review |  | - To assess the half-term's work. |

## Year 5

A L.E.A.D. Academy

## Spring 1

| Date | Topic | Curriculum Objective |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Negative numbers, and solving problems involving numbers | - To read, write, order and compare numbers at least to 1,000,000 and determine the value of each digit. <br> - To count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1,000,000. <br> - To interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers through zero. <br> - To round any number up to $1,000,000$ to the nearest $10,100,1000$, 10,000 and 100,000. <br> - To solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above. |
|  | Addition and subtraction of large numbers and money | - To add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using efficient written methods (columnar addition and subtraction). <br> - To add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers. <br> - To solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. <br> - To use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy. <br> - To solve problems involving numbers up to three decimal places. |
|  | Long multiplication, square numbers and cube numbers | - To multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts. <br> - To multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10,100 and 1000. <br> - To solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates. <br> - To multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using an efficient written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers. <br> - To recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ and cubed $\left({ }^{3}\right)$. <br> - To calculate and compare the area of squares and rectangles including using standard units, square centimetres ( $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ ) and square metres $\left(\mathrm{m}^{2}\right)$ and estimate the area of irregular shapes. |
|  | Adding and subtracting fractions | - To recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other; write mathematical statements $>1$ as a mixed number: ${ }^{2} / 5+{ }^{4} / 5={ }^{6} / 5=11 / 5$. <br> - To add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and multiples of the same number. |
|  | Reflections and translations | - To identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed. |
|  | Mass | - To convert between different units of measure (kilometre and metre; metre and centimetre; centimetre and millimetre; kilogram and gram; litre and millilitre). <br> - To understand and use basic equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints. <br> - To use all four operations to solve problems involving measure (e.g. length, mass, volume, money) using decimal notation including scaling. |
| Assess and Review |  | - To assess the half-term's work. |

## Year 5

Huntingdon Academy<br>A L.E.A.D. Academy

## Spring 2

| Date | Topic | Curriculum Objective |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Addition and subtraction: mental and written methods for large numbers | - To add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using efficient written methods (columnar addition and subtraction). <br> - To add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers. <br> - To solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. <br> - To use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy. |
|  | Multiplication and division: written methods | - To multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10,100 and 1000. <br> - To multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using an efficient written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers. <br> - To divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the efficient written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context. <br> - To solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign. |
|  | Calculating with fractions | - To recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other; write mathematical statements $>1$ as a mixed number: ${ }^{2} / 5+{ }^{4} / 5=6 / 5=11 / 5$. <br> - To add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and multiples of the same number. <br> - To multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams. |
|  | Percentages | - To recognise the per cent symbol (\%) and understand that per cent relates to "number of parts per hundred", and write percentages as a fraction with denominator hundred, and as a decimal fraction. |
|  | Capacity | - To convert between different units of measure (kilometre and metre; metre and centimetre; centimetre and millimetre; kilogram and gram; litre and millilitre). <br> - To understand and use basic equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints. <br> - To estimate volume and capacity <br> - To use all four operations to solve problems involving measure (e.g. length, mass, volume, money) using decimal notation including scaling |
|  | Line graphs/ comparative graphs | - To solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph. |
| Assess and Review |  | - To assess the half-term's work. |

## Year 5

# Huntingdon Academy 

A L.E.A.D. Academy

## Summer 1

| Date | Topic | Curriculum Objective |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Negative numbers and Roman numerals | - To count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1,000,000. <br> - To interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers through zero. <br> - To round any number up to $1,000,000$ to the nearest $10,100,1000,10,000$ and 100,000. <br> - To solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above. <br> - To read numerals to $1000(\mathrm{M})$ and recognise years written in Roman numerals. |
|  | Adding and subtracting large and small numbers | - To add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using efficient written methods (columnar addition and subtraction). <br> - To add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers. <br> - To solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. <br> - To use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy. <br> - To solve problems involving numbers up to three decimal places. |
|  | Long multiplication and division with remainders | - To multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using an efficient written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers. <br> - To divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the efficient written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context. <br> - To solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign. |
|  | Working with fractions | - To recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other; write mathematical statements $>1$ as a mixed number: ${ }^{2} / 5+{ }^{4} / 5=$ ${ }^{6} / 5=11 / 5$. <br> - To add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and multiples of the same number. |
|  | Diagonals and problems involving angles | - To know angles are measured in degrees; estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles <br> - To draw given angles, and measure them in degrees (ㅇ). <br> - To identify: <br> - angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360 ) <br> - angles at a point on a straight line and ${ }^{1} / 2$ a turn (total $180 \div$ ) - other multiples of 90 . <br> - To use the properties of a rectangle to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles. <br> - To distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles. |
|  | Volume, time and money | - To estimate volume (e.g. using $1 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ blocks to build cubes and cuboids) and capacity (e.g. using water). <br> - To use all four operations to solve problems involving measure (e.g. length, mass, volume, money) using decimal notation including scaling <br> - To solve problems involving converting between units of time. |
| Assess and Review |  | - To assess the half-term's work. |

## Year 5

## Summer 2

| Date | Topic | Curriculum Objective |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Addition and subtraction of money | - To add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using efficient written methods (columnar addition and subtraction). <br> - To add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers. <br> - To solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. |
|  | Multiplication and division of money | - To multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using an efficient written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers. <br> - To multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts. <br> - To identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers. <br> - To solve problems involving multiplication and division where larger numbers are used by decomposing them into factors. <br> - To solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign. |
|  | Decimals and fractions | - To read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places. <br> - To read and write decimal numbers as fractions (for example, $0.71=$ ${ }^{71} / 100$ ). <br> - To recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimals equivalents. <br> - To round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole numbers and to one decimal place. |
|  | Problems involving percentages | - To recognise the per cent symbol (\%) and understand that per cent relates to "number of parts per hundred", and write percentages as a fraction with denominator hundred, and as a decimal fraction. <br> - To solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of ${ }^{1} / 2,{ }^{1} / 4,{ }^{1} / 5,{ }^{4} / 5$ and those with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25 . |
|  | Perimeter, area and scale drawing | - To measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres. <br> - To calculate and compare the area of squares and rectangles including using standard units, square centimetres $\left(\mathrm{cm}^{2}\right)$ and square metres $\left(\mathrm{m}^{2}\right)$ and estimate the area of irregular shapes. <br> - To solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates. |
|  | Using tables, and line graphs | - To complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables. <br> - To solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph. |
| Assess and Review |  | - To assess the half-term's work. |

