Year 5

Autumn 1

Date	Topic	Curriculum Objective
	Place value to 1,000,000	 To read, write, order and compare numbers at least to 1,000,000 and determine the value of each digit. To count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1,000,000.
	Mental addition and subtraction	 To add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using efficient written methods (columnar addition and subtraction). To add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers. To solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why.
	Factors of numbers and prime numbers	 To identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers. To multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000. To solve problems involving multiplication and division where larger numbers are used by decomposing them into factors. To know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers. To establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19.
	Using multiplication and division facts	 To multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts. To multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000. To solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates.
	Angles	 To know angles are measured in degrees; estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles To draw given angles, and measure them in degrees (º). To identify: angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360º) angles at a point on a straight line and ¹/2 a turn (total 180º) • other multiples of 90º.
	Length, perimeter and area	 To convert between different units of measure (for example, kilometre and metre; metre and centimetre; centimetre and millimetre; kilogram and gram; litre and millilitre). To understand and use equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints. To use all four operations to solve problems involving measure (e.g. length, mass, volume, money) using decimal notation including scaling. To measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres. To calculate and compare the area of squares and rectangles including using standard units, square centimetres (cm²) and square metres (m²) and estimate the area of irregular shapes.
Assess and Review		• To assess the half-term's work.

Year 5

Autumn 2

Date	Topic	Curriculum Objective
	Written methods for multiplication	 To multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000. To multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using an efficient written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers. To solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates.
	Divide 4-digit numbers	 To divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the efficient written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context. To multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts. To solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates.
	Fractions and decimals: tenths and hundredths	 To compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number. To identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths. To read and write decimal numbers as fractions (for example, 0.71 =
	Decimals: tenths, hundredths, thousandths	 ⁷¹/100). To read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places. To read and write decimal numbers as fractions (for example, 0.71 = ⁷¹/100).
		 To round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole numbers and to one decimal place. To recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimals equivalents. To solve problems involving number up to three decimal places.
	2D and 3D shapes	 To distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles. To use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles. To identify 3D shapes including cubes and cuboids from 2D representations.
	Tables and bar charts	To complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables.
Assess and Review		• To assess the half-term's work.

Year 5

Spring 1

Date	Topic	Curriculum Objective
	Negative numbers, and solving problems involving numbers	 To read, write, order and compare numbers at least to 1,000,000 and determine the value of each digit. To count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1,000,000. To interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers through zero. To round any number up to 1,000,000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10,000 and 100,000. To solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above.
	Addition and subtraction of large numbers and money	 To add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using efficient written methods (columnar addition and subtraction). To add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers. To solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. To use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy. To solve problems involving numbers up to three decimal places.
	Long multiplication, square numbers and cube numbers	 To multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts. To multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000. To solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates. To multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using an efficient written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers. To recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared (²) and cubed (³). To calculate and compare the area of squares and rectangles including using standard units, square centimetres (cm²) and square metres (m²) and estimate the area of irregular shapes.
	Adding and subtracting fractions	 To recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other; write mathematical statements > 1 as a mixed number: ²/5 + ⁴/5 = ⁶/5 = 11/5. To add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and multiples of the same number.
	Reflections and translations	 To identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed.
Assess and Review	Mass	 To convert between different units of measure (kilometre and metre; metre and centimetre; centimetre and millimetre; kilogram and gram; litre and millilitre). To understand and use basic equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints. To use all four operations to solve problems involving measure (e.g. length, mass, volume, money) using decimal notation including scaling. To assess the half-term's work.

Year 5

Spring 2

Date	Topic	Curriculum Objective
	Addition and subtraction: mental and written methods for large numbers	 To add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using efficient written methods (columnar addition and subtraction). To add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers. To solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. To use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy.
	Multiplication and division: written methods	 To multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000. To multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using an efficient written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers. To divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the efficient written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context. To solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign.
	Calculating with fractions	 To recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other; write mathematical statements > 1 as a mixed number: ²/5 + ⁴/5 = ⁶/5 = 11/5. To add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and multiples of the same number. To multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers,
	Percentages	 supported by materials and diagrams. To recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to "number of parts per hundred", and write percentages as a fraction with denominator hundred, and as a decimal fraction.
	Capacity	 To convert between different units of measure (kilometre and metre; metre and centimetre; centimetre and millimetre; kilogram and gram; litre and millilitre). To understand and use basic equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints. To estimate volume and capacity To use all four operations to solve problems involving measure (e.g. length, mass, volume, money) using decimal notation including scaling
	Line graphs/ comparative graphs	To solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph.
Assess and Review		• To assess the half-term's work.

Year 5

Summer 1

Date	Topic	Curriculum Objective
	Negative numbers and Roman numerals	 To count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1,000,000. To interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers through zero. To round any number up to 1,000,000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10,000 and 100,000. To solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above. To read numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals.
	Adding and subtracting large and small numbers	 To add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using efficient written methods (columnar addition and subtraction). To add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers. To solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. To use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy. To solve problems involving numbers up to three decimal places.
	Long multiplication and division with remainders	 To multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using an efficient written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers. To divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the efficient written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context. To solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign.
	Working with fractions	 To recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other; write mathematical statements > 1 as a mixed number: ²/5 + ⁴/5 = ⁶/5 = 11/5. To add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and multiples of the same number.
	Diagonals and problems involving angles	 To know angles are measured in degrees; estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles To draw given angles, and measure them in degrees (º). To identify: angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360º) angles at a point on a straight line and ¹/2 a turn (total 180º) ● other multiples of 90º. To use the properties of a rectangle to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles. To distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles.
	Volume, time and money	 To estimate volume (e.g. using 1 cm³ blocks to build cubes and cuboids) and capacity (e.g. using water). To use all four operations to solve problems involving measure (e.g. length, mass, volume, money) using decimal notation including scaling To solve problems involving converting between units of time.
Assess and Review		● To assess the half-term's work.

Year 5

Summer 2

Date	Торіс	Curriculum Objective
	Addition and subtraction of money	 To add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using efficient written methods (columnar addition and subtraction). To add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers. To solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why.
	Multiplication and division of money	 To multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using an efficient written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers. To multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts. To identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers. To solve problems involving multiplication and division where larger numbers are used by decomposing them into factors. To solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign.
	Decimals and fractions	 To read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places. To read and write decimal numbers as fractions (for example, 0.71 = ⁷¹/100). To recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimals equivalents. To round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole numbers and to one decimal place.
	Problems involving percentages	 To recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to "number of parts per hundred", and write percentages as a fraction with denominator hundred, and as a decimal fraction. To solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of ¹/2, ¹/4, ¹/5, ⁴/5 and those with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25.
	Perimeter, area and scale drawing	 To measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres. To calculate and compare the area of squares and rectangles including using standard units, square centimetres (cm²) and square metres (m²) and estimate the area of irregular shapes. To solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates.
	Using tables, and line graphs	 To complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables. To solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph.
Assess and Review		• To assess the half-term's work.